



Alignment Document
State of Kentucky and Aventa Learning American History

American History
2005-2007 Benchmark Blueprint

Big Ideas	Topics	Standards	Unit Name	Course Topic Description
SS-H-HP Historical Perspective	SS-H-HP-U Enduring Knowledge - Understandings	SS-H-HP-U-1 history is an account of human activities that is interpretive in nature, and a variety of tools (e.g., primary and secondary sources, data, artifacts) are needed to analyze historical events.	Covered throughout the course	
		SS-H-HP-U-2 history is a series of connected events shaped by multiple cause-effect relationships, tying past to present.	Covered throughout the course	
		SS-H-HP-U-3 geography and natural resources have a significant impact on historical perspectives and events.	Covered throughout the course.	
		SS-H-HP-U-4 advances in research, science and technology have a significant impact on historical events, American society, and the global community.	A Changing Nation A Changing Nation A Changing Nation U.S. Rise onto World Stage and WWI U.S. Rise onto	American Industry and Labor Movement Urban Life Progressive Movement Imperialism and Latin America Wilson's "New Freedom"



			World Stage and WWI	
			U.S. Rise onto World Stage and WWI	WWI and the League of Nations
			Prosperity to Depression	American Life
			Prosperity to Depression	Harding and Coolidge
			Prosperity to Depression	The Disaster Waiting to Happen
			Prosperity to Depression	The Generation Who Lived through the Depression
			Prosperity to Depression	Roosevelt's "New Deal"
			WWII: Costs and Benefits	Americans at War
			WWII: Costs and Benefits	Outcome of War
			WWII: Costs and Benefits	Life in the 1950's
			WWII: Coasts and Benefits	Cold War
			The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	The 1960's



			Vietnam	How it Began
			Vietnam	How it Ended
			Four Presidents	Richard Nixon
			Four Presidents	Jimmy Carter
			Four Presidents	Ronald Reagan
			Four Presidents	George Bush, Sr.
	SS-H-HP-U-US Understandings (specific to United States History, from Reconstruction to the Present)	SS-H-HP-U-US1 U.S. History can be analyzed by examining significant eras (Reconstruction, Industrialization, Progressive Movement, World War I, Great Depression and the New Deal, World War II, Cold War, Contemporary United States) to develop chronological understanding and recognize cause-and-effect relationships and multiple causation.	Civil War	Reconstruction
			A Changing Nation	American Industry and Labor Movement
			A Changing Nation	Progressive Movement
			Prosperity to Depression	The Disaster Waiting to Happen
			Prosperity to Depression	The Generation that Lived Through the Depression
			Prosperity to Depression	Roosevelt's "New Deal"
			US Rise onto World Stage and WWI	World War I and the League of Nations
			World War II - Costs and Benefits	Causes of World War II
			World War II - Costs and Benefits	Outcome of War
			World War II - Costs	Cold War



			and Benefits	
			World War II - Costs and Benefits	Americans at War
			The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	Thirteen Days
			The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	Civil Rights
			The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	Kennedy and L. B. J.
			The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	The 1960's
			Vietnam	How it Began
			Vietnam	How it Ended
			Four Presidents	Richard Nixon
			Four Presidents	Jimmy Carter
			Four Presidents	Ronald Reagan
			Four Presidents	George Bush, Sr.
		SS-H-HP-U-US2 U.S. History has been impacted by significant individuals and groups.	Covered throughout the course	
		SS-H-HP-U-US3 each era in the history of the United States has social, political, and economic characteristics.	Covered throughout the course	
		SS-H-HP-U-US4 the role of the United States in the global community has evolved into that of a world power.	U.S. Rise onto World Stage and WWI	Imperialism and Latin America



			U.S. Rise onto World Stage and WWI	Wilson's "New Freedom"
			U.S. Rise onto World Stage and WWI	WWI and the League of Nations
			Prosperity to Depression	American Life
			Prosperity to Depression	Harding and Coolidge
			Prosperity to Depression	The Disaster Waiting to Happen
			Prosperity to Depression	The Generation Who Lived through the Depression
			Prosperity to Depression	Roosevelt's "New Deal"
			WWII: Costs and Benefits	Americans at War
			WWII: Costs and Benefits	Outcome of War
			WWII: Costs and Benefits	Life in the 1950's
			WWII: Coasts and Benefits	Cold War
			The Legacy of John	The 1960's

			F. Kennedy Vietnam Vietnam Four Presidents Four Presidents Four Presidents Four Presidents	How it Began How it Ended Richard Nixon Jimmy Carter Ronald Reagan George Bush, Sr.
	SS-H-HP-U-WC Understandings (specific to World Civilizations History, 1500 A.D. to the Present)	SS-H-HP-U-WC1 world civilizations (e.g., African, Asian, European, Latin American, Middle Eastern) can be analyzed by examining significant eras (Renaissance, Reformation, Age of Exploration, Age of Revolution, Nationalism and Imperialism, Technological Age, 21st Century) to develop chronological understanding and recognize cause-effect relationships and multiple causation.	An American Beginning The Civil War The Civil War The Civil War The Civil War A Changing Nation U.S. Rise onto World Stage and WWI U.S. Rise onto World Stage and WWI Prosperity to Depression	Colonization Early Foreign Policy Jacksonian Democracy Slavery and Sectionalism The Civil War Native American Policies and Farming Imperialism and Latin America WWI and the League of Nations American Life



			Prosperity to Depression	The Generation Who Lived through the Depression
			WWII: Costs and Benefits	Causes of WWII
			WWII: Costs and Benefits	Americans at War
			WWII: Costs and Benefits	Japanese Internment
			WWII: Costs and Benefits	Outcome of War
			WWII: Costs and Benefits	Life in the 1950's
			WWII: Costs and Benefits.	Cold War
			The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	Thirteen Days
			The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	Civil Rights
			The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	Kennedy and L. B. J.
			The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	The 1960's
			Vietnam	How it Began
			Vietnam	How it Ended

			Four Presidents	Richard Nixon
			Four Presidents	Jimmy Carter
			Four Presidents	Ronald Reagan
			Four Presidents	George Bush, Sr.
		SS-H-HP-U-WC2 world civilizations share common characteristics (e.g., government, belief system, economy) and have been impacted by significant individuals and groups.		
		SS-H-HP-U-WC3 each era in the history of the world has social, political and economic characteristics.		
		SS-H-HP-U-WC4 an increasingly interdependent world provides challenges and opportunities.		
	SS-H-HP-S Skills and Concepts	SS-H-HP-S-1 demonstrate an understanding of the interpretative nature of history using a variety of tools (e.g., primary and secondary sources, Internet, timelines, maps, data):	Covered throughout the course.	
		SS-H-HP-S-1.a investigate and analyze perceptions and perspectives (e.g., gender, race, region, ethnic group, nationality, age, economic status, religion, politics, geographic factors) of people and historical events in the modern world (world civilizations, U.S. history)	Covered throughout the course	
		SS-H-HP-S-1.b examine multiple cause-effect relationships that have shaped history (e.g., showing how a series of events are connected)	Covered throughout the course	
		SS-H-HP-S-2 analyze how the United States participates with the global	U.S. Rise onto World Stage and	WWI and the League of Nations



		<p>community to maintain and restore world peace (e.g., League of Nations, United Nations, Cold War politics, Persian Gulf War), and evaluate the impact of these efforts</p>	<p>WWI</p> <p>WWII: Costs and Benefits</p> <p>WWII: Costs and Benefits</p> <p>WWII: Costs and Benefits</p> <p>WWII: Costs and Benefits</p> <p>WWII: Costs and Benefits</p> <p>WWII: Costs and Benefits.</p> <p>The Legacy of John F. Kennedy</p> <p>The Legacy of John F. Kennedy</p> <p>Vietnam</p> <p>Vietnam</p> <p>Four Presidents</p> <p>Four Presidents</p> <p>Four Presidents</p> <p>Four Presidents</p>	<p>Causes of WWII</p> <p>Americans at War</p> <p>Japanese Internment</p> <p>Outcome of War</p> <p>Life in the 1950's</p> <p>Cold War</p> <p>Thirteen Days</p> <p>The 1960's</p> <p>How it Began</p> <p>How it Ended</p> <p>Richard Nixon</p> <p>Jimmy Carter</p> <p>Ronald Reagan</p> <p>George Bush, Sr.</p>
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		<p>SS-H-HP-S-3 research issues or interpret accounts of historical events in U.S. history using primary and secondary sources (e.g., biographies, films, periodicals, Internet resources, textbooks, artifacts):</p>	<p>Covered throughout the course</p>	
		<p>SS-H-HP-S-3.a compare, contrast and evaluate the approaches and effectiveness of Reconstruction programs</p>	<p>Civil War U.S. Rise onto World Stage and WWI: Prosperity to Depression WWII: Costs and Benefits WWII: Costs and Benefits Vietnam Four Presidents Four Presidents Four Presidents Four Presidents</p>	<p>Reconstruction WWI and the League of Nations Roosevelt's "New Deal" Outcome of War Life in the 1950's How it Ended Richard Nixon Jimmy Carter Ronald Reagan George Bush, Sr.</p>
		<p>SS-H-HP-S-3.b explain how the rise of big business, factories, mechanized farming, and the labor movement have impacted the lives of Americans</p>	<p>A Changing Nation A Changing Nation A Changing Nation</p>	<p>Native American Policies and Farming American Industry and Labor Movement Progressive Movement</p>

		<p>SS-H-HP-S-3.c examine the impact of massive immigration (e.g., new social patterns, conflicts in ideas about national unity amid growing cultural diversity) after the Civil War</p>	<p>A Changing Nation A Changing Nation U.S. Rise onto World Stage and WWI WWII: Costs and Benefits WWII: Costs and Benefits</p>	<p>American Industry and Labor Movement Progressive Movement Imperialism and Latin America Outcome of War Japanese Internment</p>
		<p>SS-H-HP-S-3.c examine the impact of massive immigration (e.g., new social patterns, conflicts in ideas about national unity amid growing cultural diversity) after the Civil War</p>	<p>A Changing Nation A Changing Nation U.S. Rise onto World Stage and WWI WWII: Costs and Benefits WWII: Costs and Benefits</p>	<p>American Industry and Labor Movement Progressive Movement Imperialism and Latin America Outcome of War Japanese Internment</p>
		<p>SS-H-HP-S-3.d evaluate how the Great Depression, New Deal policies, and World War II transformed America socially and politically at home (e.g., stock market crash, relief, recovery, reform initiatives, increased role of government in business, influx of women into workforce, rationing) and reshaped its role in world affairs (emergence of the U.S. as economic and</p>	<p>Prosperity to Depression Prosperity to Depression Prosperity to Depression</p>	<p>American Life Harding and Coolidge The Disaster Waiting to Happen</p>



		political superpower)	US Rise onto World Stage and WWI	The Generation Who Lived through the Depression
			World War II - Costs and Benefits	Roosevelt's "New Deal"
			World War II - Costs and Benefits	Americans at War
			World War II - Costs and Benefits	Outcome of War
			World War II - Costs and Benefits	Life in the 1950's
		SS-H-HP-S-3.e analyze economic growth in America after WWII (e.g., suburban growth), struggles for racial and gender equality (e.g., Civil Rights Movement), the extension of civil liberties, and conflicts over political issues (e.g., McCarthyism, U.S. involvement in Vietnam)	WWII: Costs and Benefits	Causes of WWII
			WWII: Costs and Benefits	Americans at War
			WWII: Costs and Benefits	Japanese Internment
			WWII: Costs and Benefits	Outcome of War
			WWII: Costs and Benefits	Life in the 1950's
			WWII: Costs and Benefits.	Cold War
			The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	Thirteen Days
			The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	The 1960's

			Vietnam	How it Began
			Vietnam	How it Ended
			Four Presidents	Richard Nixon
			Four Presidents	Jimmy Carter
			Four Presidents	Ronald Reagan
			Four Presidents	George Bush, Sr.
		SS-H-HP-S-4 research issues or interpret accounts of historical events in world history using primary and secondary sources (e.g., biographies, films, periodicals, Internet resources, textbooks, artifacts):	Covered throughout the course	
		SS-H-HP-S-4.a explain how ideas of the Classical Age (e.g., humanism, developments in art and architecture, literature, political theories, rediscovery of Greco-Roman philosophies) impacted people's perspectives during the Renaissance and Reformation		
		SS-H-HP-S-4.b analyze how new ideas and technologies of the Age of Exploration by Europeans brought great wealth to the absolute monarchies and resulted in political, economic and social changes (e.g., disease, religious ideas, technologies, new plants/animals, forms of government) to the other regions of the world	An American Beginning	Colonization
		SS-H-HP-S-4.c investigate how political, social and cultural revolutions (e.g.,	The Civil War	Early Foreign Policy

		<p>French, Industrial, Bolshevik, Chinese) brought about changes in science, thought, government, or industry and had long-range impacts on the modern world</p>	<p>U.S. Rise onto World Stage and WWI</p> <p>WWII: Costs and Benefits</p> <p>WWII: Costs and Benefits</p> <p>Vietnam</p> <p>Four Presidents</p> <p>Four Presidents</p>	<p>Imperialism and Latin America</p> <p>Causes of WWII</p> <p>Cold War</p> <p>How it Began</p> <p>Richard Nixon</p> <p>George Bush, Sr.</p>
		<p>SS-H-HP-S-4.d examine how nationalism, militarism, expansionism and imperialism led to conflicts (e.g., World War I, Japanese aggression in China and the Pacific, European imperialism in Africa, World War II) and the rise of totalitarian governments (e.g., Communism in Russia, Fascism in Italy, Nazism in Germany)</p>	<p>U.S. Rise onto World Stage and WWI</p> <p>U.S. Rise onto World Stage and WWI</p> <p>U.S. Rise onto World Stage and WWI</p> <p>WWII: Costs and Benefits</p> <p>WWII: Costs and Benefits</p> <p>WWII: Costs and Benefits</p>	<p>Imperialism and Latin America</p> <p>Wilson’s “New Freedom”</p> <p>WWI and the League of Nations</p> <p>Causes of War</p> <p>Americans at War</p> <p>Outcome of War</p>



			WWII: Coasts and Benefits	Life in the 1950's
			WWII: Coasts and Benefits	Cold War
			The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	Thirteen Days
			The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	Kennedy and L. B. J.
			The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	The 1960's
			Vietnam	How it Began
			Vietnam	How it Ended
			Four Presidents	Richard Nixon
			Four Presidents	Jimmy Carter
			Four Presidents	Ronald Reagan
			Four Presidents	George Bush, Sr.
		SS-H-HP-S-4.e analyze the impact of the rise of both the United States and the Soviet Union to superpower status following World War II, development of the Cold War, and the formation of new nations in Africa, Asia, Eastern Europe, and the Middle East	World War II - Costs and Benefits	Outcome of War
			World War II - Costs and Benefits	Americans at War
			World War II - Costs and Benefits	Cold War
			The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	Thirteen Days



			The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	The 1960's
		SS-H-HP-S-4.f examine how countries around the world have addressed the challenges of rapid social, political and economic changes during the second half of the 20th century (e.g., population growth, diminishing natural resources, environmental concerns, human rights issues, technological and scientific advances, shifting political alliances, globalization of the economy)	WWII: Coasts and Benefits	Life in the 1950's
			WWII: Coasts and Benefits	Cold War
			The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	Thirteen Days
			The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	Kennedy and L. B. J.
			The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	The 1960's
			Vietnam	How it Began
			Vietnam	How it Ended
			Four Presidents	Richard Nixon
			Four Presidents	Jimmy Carter
			Four Presidents	Ronald Reagan
		Four Presidents	George Bush, Sr.	