



Alignment Document

State of Florida And Aventa Learning Geometry

Geometry 2005-2007 Benchmark Blueprint

State Standard Number	State Standard Area / Description	Unit Name	Course Topic Description
MA.A	Number Sense, Concepts, and Operations		
MA.A.1.4	The student understands the different ways numbers are represented and used in the real world.		
MA.A.1.4.1	associates verbal names, written word names, and standard numerals with integers, rational numbers, irrational numbers, real numbers, and complex numbers.		
MA.A.1.4.2	understands the relative size of integers, rational numbers, irrational numbers, and real numbers.		
MA.A.1.4.3	understands concrete and symbolic representations of real and complex numbers in real-world situations.		
MA.A.1.4.4	understands that numbers can be represented in a variety of equivalent forms, including integers, fractions, decimals, percents, scientific notation, exponents, radicals, absolute value, and logarithms.		
MA.A.2.4	The student understands number systems.		
MA.A.2.4.1	understands and uses the basic concepts of limits and infinity.		
MA.A.2.4.2	understands and uses the real number system.		
MA.A.2.4.3	understands the structure of the complex number system.		

MA.A.3.4	The student understands the effects of operations on numbers and the relationships among these operations, selects appropriate operations, and computes for problem solving.		
MA.A.3.4.1	understands and explains the effects of addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division on real numbers, including square roots, exponents, and appropriate inverse relationships.		
MA.A.3.4.2	selects and justifies alternative strategies, such as using properties of numbers, including inverse, identity, distributive, associative, transitive, that allow operational shortcuts for computational procedures in real-world or mathematical problems.	Reasoning and Introduction to Proof	Properties From Algebra and Proof
MA.A.3.4.3	adds, subtracts, multiplies, and divides real numbers, including square roots and exponents, using appropriate methods of computing, such as mental mathematics, paper and pencil, and calculator.		
MA.A.4.4	The student uses estimation in problem solving and computation.		
MA.A.4.4.1	uses estimation strategies in complex situations to predict results and to check the reasonableness of results.		
MA.A.5.4	The student understands and applies theories related to numbers.		
MA.A.5.4.1	applies special number relationships such as sequences and series to real-world problems.		
MA.B	Measurement		
MA.B.1.4	The student measures quantities in the real world and uses the measures to solve problems.		
MA.B.1.4.1	uses concrete and graphic models to derive formulas for finding perimeter, area, surface area, circumference, and volume of two- and three-dimensional shapes, including rectangular solids, cylinders, cones, and pyramids.	Perimeters and Areas	Perimeters and Areas of Quadrilaterals
		Perimeters and Areas	Circumferences and Areas of Circles
		Perimeters and Areas	Perimeter and Area of Triangles

MA.B.1.4.2	uses concrete and graphic models to derive formulas for finding rate, distance, time, angle measures, and arc lengths.	Connections From Algebra	Rays and Angles
		Circles	Arcs and Circular Angles
		Circles	Special Segments in Circles
		Triangles	Structure of Triangles
MA.B.1.4.3	relates the concepts of measurement to similarity and proportionality in real-world situations.	Similarity	Ratios and Proportions
		Similarity	Similar Figures
MA.B.2.4	The student compares, contrasts, and converts within systems of measurement (both standard/nonstandard and metric/customary).		
MA.B.2.4.1	selects and uses direct (measured) or indirect (not measured) methods of measurement as appropriate.		
MA.B.2.4.2	solves real-world problems involving rated measures (miles per hour, feet per second).		
MA.B.3.4	The student estimates measurements in real-world problem situations.		
MA.B.3.4.1	solves real-world and mathematical problems involving estimates of measurements, including length, time, weight/mass, temperature, money, perimeter, area, and volume, and estimates the effects of measurement errors on calculations.		
MA.B.4.4	The student selects and uses appropriate units and instruments for measurement to achieve the degree of precision and accuracy required in real-world situations.		
MA.B.4.4.1	determines the level of accuracy and precision, including absolute and relative errors or tolerance, required in real-world measurement situations.		
MA.B.4.4.2	selects and uses appropriate instruments, technology, and techniques to measure quantities in order to achieve specified degrees of accuracy in a problem situation.		



MA.C	Geometry and Spatial Sense		
MA.C.1.4	The student describes, draws, identifies, and analyzes two- and three-dimensional shapes.		
MA.C.1.4.1	uses properties and relationships of geometric shapes to construct formal and informal proofs.	Reasoning and Introduction to Proof	Properties From Algebra and Proof
		Reasoning and Introduction to Proof	Two Column Proof With Segments and Angles
		Parallel Lines and Coordinate Plane	Parallel Lines and Transversals
		Parallel Lines and Coordinate Plane	Lines and Points in Coordinate Plane
		Parallel Lines and Coordinate Plane	Equations of Lines in Coordinate Plane
		Triangles: Basic Closed Figures in Geometry	Structure of Triangles
		Triangles: Basic Closed Figures in Geometry	Congruent Triangles and Congruence Tests
		Triangles: Basic Closed Figures in Geometry	Special Segments in Triangles
		Special Triangles and Special Relationships in Triangle	Isosceles Triangles
		Special Triangles and Special Relationships in Triangle	Equilateral Triangles
		Special Triangles and Special Relationships in Triangle	Right Triangle and Pythagorean Theorem
		Special Triangles and Special Relationships in Triangle	Triangle Inequalities
		Quadrilaterals and Polygons	Square and Rectangle
		Quadrilaterals and Polygons	Parallelogram
		Quadrilaterals and Polygons	Rhombus and Trapezoid
		Quadrilaterals and Polygons	Polygons
		Similarity	Ratio and Proportions

		Similarity	Similar Triangles
		Similarity	Similar Quadrilaterals and Polygons
		Circles	Arcs and Circular Angles
		Circles	Special Segments in Circles
		Circles	Equations of Circles
		Reasoning and Introduction to Proof	Inductive Reasoning
		Reasoning and Introduction to Proof	Deductive Reasoning
		Reasoning and Introduction to Proof	If-then, Converses, and Postulates
MA.C.2.4	The student visualizes and illustrates ways in which shapes can be combined, subdivided, and changed.		
MA.C.2.4.1	understands geometric concepts such as perpendicularity, parallelism, tangency, congruency, similarity, reflections, symmetry, and transformations including flips, slides, turns, enlargements, rotations, and fractals.	Triangles: Basic Closed Figures in Geometry	Congruent Triangles and Congruence Tests
		Circles	Arcs and Special segments
		Parallel Lines and Coordinate Planes	Parallel and Perpendicular Lines
		Similarity	Similar Triangles
		Similarity	Similar Quadrilaterals and Polygons
MA.C.2.4.2	analyzes and applies geometric relationships involving planar cross-sections (the intersection of a plane and a three-dimensional figure).		
MA.C.3.4	The student uses coordinate geometry to locate objects in both two and three dimensions and to describe objects algebraically.		
MA.C.3.4.1	represents and applies geometric properties and relationships to solve real-world and mathematical problems including ratio, proportion, and properties of right triangle trigonometry.	Similarity	Similar Figures
		Similarity	Ratios and Proportions
		Right Triangle and Trigonometry	Special Ratios in a Right Triangle

MA.C.3.4.2	using a rectangular coordinate system (graph), applies and algebraically verifies properties of two and three-dimensional figures, including distance, midpoint, slope, parallelism, and perpendicularity.	Parallel Lines and Coordinate Plane	Distance Formula
		Parallel Lines and Coordinate Plane	Midpoint Formula
		Parallel Lines and Coordinate Plane	Slope
		Parallel Lines and Coordinate Plane	Parallel and Perpendicular Lines
MA.D	Algebraic Thinking		
MA.D.1.4	The student describes, analyzes, and generalizes a wide variety of patterns, relations, and functions.		
MA.D.1.4.1	describes, analyzes, and generalizes relationships, patterns, and functions using words, symbols, variables, tables, and graphs.		
MA.D.1.4.2	determines the impact when changing parameters of given functions.		
MA.D.2.4	The student uses expressions, equations, inequalities, graphs, and formulas to represent and interpret situations.		
MA.D.2.4.1	represents real-world problem situations using finite graphs, matrices, sequences, series, and recursive relations.		
MA.D.2.4.2	uses systems of equations and inequalities to solve real-world problems graphically, algebraically, and with matrices.		
MA.E	Data Analysis and Probability		
MA.E.1.4	The student understands and uses the tools of data analysis for managing information.		
MA.E.1.4.1	interprets data that has been collected, organized, and displayed in charts, tables, and plots.		
MA.E.1.4.2	calculates measures of central tendency (mean, median, and mode) and dispersion (range, standard deviation, and variance) for complex sets of data and determines the most meaningful measure to describe the data.		



MA.E.1.4.3	analyzes real-world data and makes predictions of larger populations by applying formulas to calculate measures of central tendency and dispersion using the sample population data, and using appropriate technology, including calculators and computers.		
MA.E.2.4	The student identifies patterns and makes predictions from an orderly display of data using concepts of probability and statistics.		
MA.E.2.4.1	determines probabilities using counting procedures, tables, tree diagrams, and formulas for permutations and combinations.		
MA.E.2.4.2	determines the probability for simple and compound events as well as independent and dependent events.		
MA.E.3.4	The student uses statistical methods to make inferences and valid arguments about real-world situations.		
MA.E.3.4.1	designs and performs real-world statistical experiments that involve more than one variable, then analyzes results and reports findings.		
MA.E.3.4.2	explains the limitations of using statistical techniques and data in making inferences and valid arguments.		