



Alignment Document

State of Arizona And Aventa Learning American History

American History 2005-2007 Benchmark Blueprint

State Standard Number	State Standard Area / Description	Unit Name	Course Topic Description
1	American History		
1.1	Research Skills for History		
1.1.PO 1	Interpret historical data displayed in maps, graphs, tables, charts, and geologic time scales.		Covered throughout the course
1.1.PO 2	Distinguish among dating methods that yield calendar ages (e.g., dendrochronology), numerical ages (e.g., radiocarbon), correlated ages (e.g., volcanic ash), and relative ages (e.g., geologic time).		
1.1.PO 3	Formulate questions that can be answered by historical study and research.	Civil War	Introduction
		A Changing Nation	Introduction
		Prosperity to Depression	Introduction
1.1.PO 4	Construct graphs, tables, timelines, charts, and narratives to interpret historical data.		Covered throughout the course
1.1.PO 5	Evaluate primary and secondary sources for:		
1.1.PO 5.a	authors' main points	New Nation	Introduction
1.1.PO 5.b	purpose and perspective	New Nation	Introduction
1.1.PO 5.c	facts vs. opinions	New Nation	Introduction
1.1.PO 5.d	different points of view on the same historical event (e.g., Geography Concept 6 - geographical perspective can be different from economic perspective)	New Nation	Introduction



1.1.PO 5.e	credibility and validity	New Nation	Introduction
1.1.PO 6	Apply the skills of historical analysis to current social, political, geographic, and economic issues facing the world.		Covered throughout the course
1.1.PO 7	Compare present events with past events:		
1.1.PO 7.a	cause and effect		Covered throughout the course
1.1.PO 7.b	change over time		Covered throughout the course
1.1.PO 7.c	different points of view		Covered throughout the course
1.2	Early Civilizations		
1.2.PO 1	Describe Prehistoric Cultures of the North American continent:		
1.2.PO 1.a	Paleo-Indians, including Clovis, Folsom, and Plano		
1.2.PO 1.b	Moundbuilders, including Adena, Hopewell, and Mississippian		
1.2.PO 1.c	Southwestern, including Mogollon, Hohokam, and Ancestral Puebloans (Anasazi)		
1.3	Exploration and Colonization		
1.3.PO 1	Review the reciprocal impact resulting from early European contact with indigenous peoples:		
1.3.PO 1.a	religious (e.g., conversion attempts)		
1.3.PO 1.b	economic (e.g., land disputes, trade)		
1.3.PO 1.c	social (e.g., spread of disease, partnerships)		
1.3.PO 1.d	food (e.g., corn)		
1.3.PO 1.e	government (e.g. Iroquois Confederacy, matriarchal leadership, democratic influence)		
1.3.PO 2	Describe the reasons for colonization of America (e.g., religious freedom, desire for land, economic opportunity, and a new life).	An American Beginning	Colonization
		An American Beginning	North and South
		An American Beginning	Discontent with England
1.3.PO 3	Compare the characteristics of the New England, Middle, and Southern colonies:	An American Beginning	North and South

1.3.PO 3.a	Colonial governments geographic influences, resources, and economic systems	An American Beginning	
1.3.PO 3.b	religious beliefs and social patterns	An American Beginning	Discontent with England
		An American Beginning	Colonization
		An American Beginning	North and South
1.3.PO 4	Describe the impact of key colonial figures (e.g., John Smith, William Penn, Roger Williams Anne Hutchinson, John Winthrop).	An American Beginning	Colonization
		An American Beginning	North and South
		An American Beginning	Discontent with England
1.4	Revolution and New Nation		
1.4.PO 1	Assess the economic, political, and social reasons for the American Revolution:		
1.4.PO 1.a	British attempts to tax and regulate colonial trade as a result of the French and Indian War	An American Beginning	North and South
		An American Beginning	Discontent with England
1.4.PO 1.b	colonists' reaction to British policy ideas expressed in the Declaration of Independence	An American Beginning	Discontent with England
1.4.PO 2	Analyze the effects of European involvement in the American Revolution on the outcome of the war.	An American Beginning	Revolution
1.4.PO 3	Describe the significance of major events in the Revolutionary War:		
1.4.PO 3.a	Lexington and Concord	An American Beginning	Revolution
1.4.PO 3.b	Bunker Hill	An American Beginning	Revolution
1.4.PO 3.c	Saratoga	An American Beginning	Revolution
1.4.PO 3.d	writing and ratification of the Declaration of Independence	An American Beginning	Revolution
1.4.PO 3.e	Yorktown	An American Beginning	Revolution
1.4.PO 4	Analyze how the new national government was created:		

1.4.PO 4.a	Albany Plan of Union influenced by the Iroquois Confederation		
1.4.PO 4.b	Articles of Confederation	New Nation	First Government
1.4.PO 4.c	Constitutional Convention	New Nation	Constitution
1.4.PO 4.d	struggles over ratification of the Constitution	New Nation	Constitution
1.4.PO 4.e	creation of the Bill of Rights	New Nation	Constitution
1.4.PO 5	Examine the significance of the following in the formation of a new nation:		
1.4.PO 5.a	presidency of George Washington	New Nation	Political Parties
1.4.PO 5.b	economic policies of Alexander Hamilton	New Nation	Political Parties
1.4.PO 5.c	creation of political parties under Thomas Jefferson and Alexander Hamilton	New Nation	Political Parties
1.4.PO 5.d	the establishment of the Supreme Court as a co-equal third branch of government under John Marshall with cases such as Marbury v. Madison.	New Nation	Political Parties
1.4.PO 6	Examine the experiences and perspectives of the following groups in the new nation:		
1.4.PO 6.a	property owners	New Nation	
1.4.PO 6.b	African Americans	Civil War	Free and Segregated
1.4.PO 6.c	women	New Nation	
1.4.PO 6.d	Native Americans	A Changing Nation	Native American Policies and Farming
1.5	Westward Expansion		
1.5.PO 1	Trace the growth of the American nation during the period of western expansion:		
1.5.PO 1.a	Northwest Territory	Civil War	
1.5.PO 1.b	Louisiana Territory	Civil War	
1.5.PO 1.c	Florida	Civil War	
1.5.PO 1.d	Texas	Civil War	
1.5.PO 1.e	Oregon Country	Civil War	
1.5.PO 1.f	Mexican Cession	Civil War	
1.5.PO 1.g	Gadsden Purchase	Civil War	
1.5.PO 1.h	Alaska	US Rise onto World Stage and WWI	Imperialism and Latin America
1.5.PO 2	Analyze how the following events affected the political transformation of the developing nation:		
1.5.PO 2.a	Jefferson's Presidency	New Nation	Political Parties
1.5.PO 2.b	War of 1812	New Nation	Political Parties
1.5.PO 2.c	Jackson's Presidency	Civil War	Jacksonian Democracy

1.5.PO 3	Identify how economic incentives and geography influenced early American explorations:		
1.5.PO 3.a	explorers (e.g., Lewis and Clark, Pike, Fremont)	New Nation	Political Parties
1.5.PO 3.b	fur traders		
1.5.PO 3.c	miners		
1.5.PO 3.d	missionaries (e.g., Father Kino, Circuit Riders)		
1.5.PO 4	Describe the impact of European-American expansion on native peoples.	A Changing Nation	Native American Policies and Farming
1.5.PO 5	Describe the impact of the following aspects of the Industrial Revolution on the United States:		
1.5.PO 5.a	transportation improvements (e.g., railroads, canals, steamboats)	A Changing Nation	American Industry and Labor Movement
1.5.PO 5.b	factory system manufacturing	A Changing Nation	American Industry and Labor Movement
1.5.PO 5.c	urbanization	A Changing Nation	Urban Life
1.5.PO 5.d	inventions (e.g. telegraph, cotton gin, interchangeable parts)	A Changing Nation	American Industry and Labor Movement
1.6	Civil War and Reconstruction		
1.6.PO 1	Explain the economic, social, and political causes of the Civil War:	Civil War	Slavery and Sectionalism
1.6.PO 1.a	economic and social differences between the North, South, and West	Civil War	Slavery and Sectionalism
1.6.PO 1.b	balance of power in the Senate (e.g., Missouri and 1850 Compromises)	Civil War	Jacksonian Democracy
1.6.PO 1.c	extension of slavery into the territories (e.g., Dred Scott Decision, the Kansas-Nebraska Act)	Civil War	Slavery and Sectionalism
1.6.PO 1.d	role of abolitionists (e.g., Frederick Douglass and John Brown)	Civil War	Slavery and Sectionalism
1.6.PO 1.e	debate over popular sovereignty/states rights.		
1.6.PO 1.f	Presidential election of 1860	Civil War	Slavery and Sectionalism
1.6.PO 2	Analyze aspects of the Civil War:		
1.6.PO 2.a	changes in technology	Civil War	The Civil War
1.6.PO 2.b	importance of resources	Civil War	The Civil War
1.6.PO 2.c	turning points	Civil War	The Civil War
1.6.PO 2.d	military and civilian leaders	Civil War	The Civil War
1.6.PO 2.e	effect of the Emancipation Proclamation	Civil War	The Civil War
1.6.PO 2.f	effect on the civilian populations	Civil War	The Civil War

1.6.PO 3	Analyze immediate and long term effects of Reconstruction in post Civil War America:		
1.6.PO 3.a	various plans for reconstruction of the South	Civil War	Reconstruction
1.6.PO 3.b	Lincoln's assassinations	Civil War	Reconstruction
1.6.PO 3.c	Johnson's impeachment	Civil War	Reconstruction
1.6.PO 3.d	Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments	Civil War	Reconstruction
1.6.PO 3.e	resistance to and end of Reconstruction (e.g., Jim Crow laws, KKK, and Compromise of 1877)	Civil War	Reconstruction
1.7	Emergence of the Modern United States		
1.7.PO 1	Analyze how the following aspects of industrialization transformed the American economy beginning in the late 19th century:		
1.7.PO 1.a	mass production	A Changing Nation	American Industry and Labor Movement
1.7.PO 1.b	monopolies and trusts (e.g., Robber Barons, Taft-Hartley Act)	A Changing Nation	American Industry and Labor Movement
1.7.PO 1.c	economic philosophies (e.g., laissez faire, Social Darwinism, free silver)	A Changing Nation	American Industry and Labor Movement
1.7.PO 1.d	labor movement (e.g., Bisbee Deportation)	A Changing Nation	American Industry and Labor Movement
1.7.PO 1.e	trade		
1.7.PO 2	Assess how the following social developments influenced American society in the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries :		
1.7.PO 2.a	Civil Rights issues (e.g., Womens' Suffrage Movement, Dawes Act, Indian schools, lynching, Plessey v. Ferguson)	A Changing Nation	Native American Policies and Farming
1.7.PO 2.b	changing patterns in Immigration (e.g., Ellis Island, Angel Island, Chinese Exclusion Act, Immigration Act of 1924)		
1.7.PO 2.c	urbanization and social reform (e.g., health care, housing, food & nutrition, child labor laws)	A Changing Nation	Urban Life
1.7.PO 2.d	mass media (e.g., political cartoons, muckrakers, yellow journalism, radio)		
1.7.PO 2.e	consumerism (e.g., advertising, standard of living, consumer credit)		



1.7.PO 2.f	Roaring Twenties (e.g., Harlem Renaissance, leisure time, jazz, changed social mores)	Prosperity to Depression	American Life
		Prosperity to Depression	Harding and Coolidge
1.7.PO 3	Analyze events which caused a transformation of the United States during the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries:		
1.7.PO 3.a	Indian Wars (e.g., Little Bighorn, Wounded Knee)		
1.7.PO 3.b	Imperialism (e.g., Spanish American War, annexation of Hawaii, Philippine-American War)	US Rise onto World Stage and WWI	Imperialism and Latin America
1.7.PO 3.c	Progressive Movement (e.g., Sixteenth through Nineteenth Amendments, child labor)	A Changing Nation	American Industry and Labor Movement
		A Changing Nation	Progressive Movement
1.7.PO 3.d	Teddy Roosevelt (e.g., conservationism, Panama Canal, national parks, trust busting)	US Rise onto World Stage and WWI	Imperialism and Latin America
1.7.PO 3.e	corruption (e.g., Tammany Hall, spoils system)		
1.7.PO 3.f	World War I (e.g., League of Nations, Isolationism)	US Rise onto World Stage and WWI	World War I and the League of Nations
1.7.PO 3.g	Red Scare/Socialism		
1.7.PO 3.h	Populism	A Changing Nation	Progressive Movement
1.7.PO 4	Analyze the effect of direct democracy (initiative, referendum, recall) on Arizona statehood.		
1.8	Great Depression and World War II		
1.8.PO 1	Describe causes and consequences of the Great Depression.	Prosperity to Depression	
1.8.PO 1.a	economic causes of the Depression (e.g., economic policies of 1920s, investment patterns and stock market crash)	Prosperity to Depression	A Disaster Waiting to Happen
1.8.PO 1.b	Dust Bowl (e.g., environmental damage, internal migration)	Prosperity to Depression	The Generation that Lived Through the Depression
1.8.PO 1.c	effects on society (e.g., fragmentation of families, Hoovervilles, unemployment, business failure, breadlines)	Prosperity to Depression	The Generation that Lived Through the Depression
1.8.PO 1.d	changes in expectations of government (e.g., New Deal programs)	Prosperity to Depression	Roosevelt's New Deal

1.8.PO 2	Describe the impact of American involvement in World War II:		
1.8.PO 2.a	movement away from isolationism	World War II - Costs and Benefits	Americans at War
1.8.PO 2.b	economic recovery from the Great Depression	World War II - Costs and Benefits	Americans at War
1.8.PO 2.c	homefront transformations in the roles of women and minorities	World War II - Costs and Benefits	Americans at War
1.8.PO 2.d	Japanese, German, and Italian internments and POW camps	World War II - Costs and Benefits	Japanese Internment
		World War II - Costs and Benefits	Outcome of War
		World War II - Costs and Benefits	Causes of World War II
		World War II - Costs and Benefits	Americans at War
1.8.PO 2.e	war mobilization (e.g., Native American Code-Talkers, minority participation in military units, media portrayal)	World War II - Costs and Benefits	Americans at War
1.8.PO 2.f	turning points such as Pearl Harbor, D-Day, Hiroshima/Nagasaki	World War II - Costs and Benefits	
1.9	Postwar United States		
1.9.PO 1	Analyze aspects of America's post World War II foreign policy:		
1.9.PO 1.a	international activism (e.g., Marshall Plan, United Nations, NATO)	World War II - Costs and Benefits	Life in the 1950s
1.9.PO 1.b	Cold War (e.g., domino theory, containment, Korea, Vietnam)	World War II - Costs and Benefits	Cold War
		The Vietnam War	How it Began
1.9.PO 1.c	Arms Race (e.g., Cuban Missile Crisis, SALT)	World War II - Costs and Benefits	Cold War
1.9.PO 1.d	United States as a superpower (e.g., political intervention and humanitarian efforts)		
1.9.PO 2	Describe aspects of American post-World War II domestic policy:		
1.9.PO 2.a	McCarthyism	World War II - Costs and Benefits	Cold War
1.9.PO 2.b	Civil Rights (e.g., Birmingham, 1964 Civil Rights Act, Voting Rights Act, Constitutional Amendments)	World War II - Costs and Benefits	Life in the 1950s
		The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	Civil Rights



1.9.PO 2.c	Supreme Court Decisions (e.g., the Warren and Burger Courts)	The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	
		The Vietnam War	
		Four Presidents	
1.9.PO 2.d	Executive Power (e.g., War Powers Act, Watergate)	The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	
		The Vietnam War	
		Four Presidents	
1.9.PO 2.e	social reforms Great Society and War on Poverty	The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	Kennedy and LBJ
1.9.PO 2.f	Space Race and technological developments	The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	The 1960s
1.9.PO 3	Describe aspects of post World War II American society:		
1.9.PO 3.a	postwar prosperity (e.g., growth of suburbs, baby boom, GI Bill)	World War II - Costs and Benefits	Life in the 1950s
1.9.PO 3.b	popular culture (e.g., conformity v. counter-culture, mass-media)	World War II - Costs and Benefits	Life in the 1950s
1.9.PO 3.c	protest movements (e.g. anti-war, women's rights, civil rights, farm workers, César Chavez)	World War II - Costs and Benefits	Life in the 1950s
1.9.PO 3.d	assassinations (e.g., John F. Kennedy, Martin Luther King, Jr., Robert F. Kennedy, Malcolm X)	The Legacy of John F. Kennedy	Civil Rights
		World War II - Costs and Benefits	Life in the 1950s
1.9.PO 3.e	shift to increased immigration from Latin America and Asia	World War II - Costs and Benefits	Life in the 1950s
1.10	Contemporary United States		
1.10.PO 1	Describe current events using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps).	New Nation	Introduction
1.10.PO 2	Identify the connection between current and historical events and issues using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps).	New Nation	Introduction



1.10.PO 3	Describe how key political, social, environmental, and economic events of the late 20th century and early 21st century (e.g., Watergate, OPEC/oil crisis, Central American wars/Iran-Contra, End of Cold War, first Gulf War, September 11) affected, and continue to affect, the United States.		
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